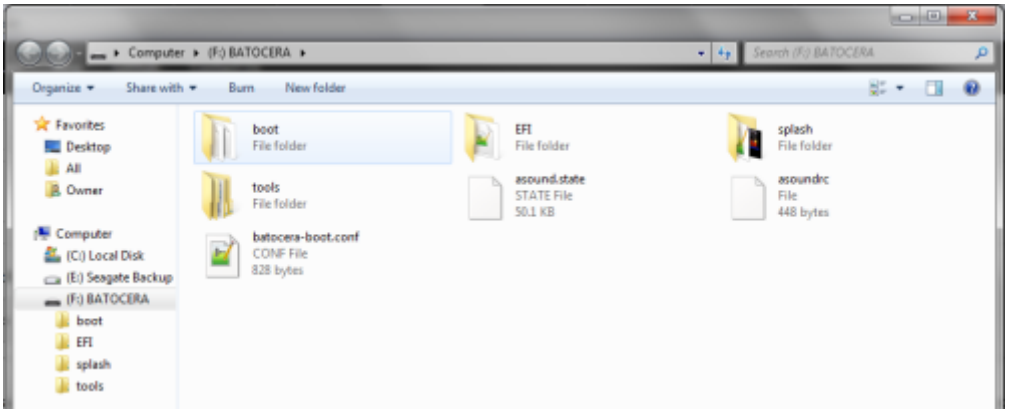
Editing the boot partition

This is the platform-specific boot partition, usually FAT32 but can depend on the device. This partition can be read and edited by most other operating systems should you plug the drive into another machine.

Be careful; changing these files can affect Batocera's ability to boot, so always make backups of these files before changing them.

Plugging it into another machine

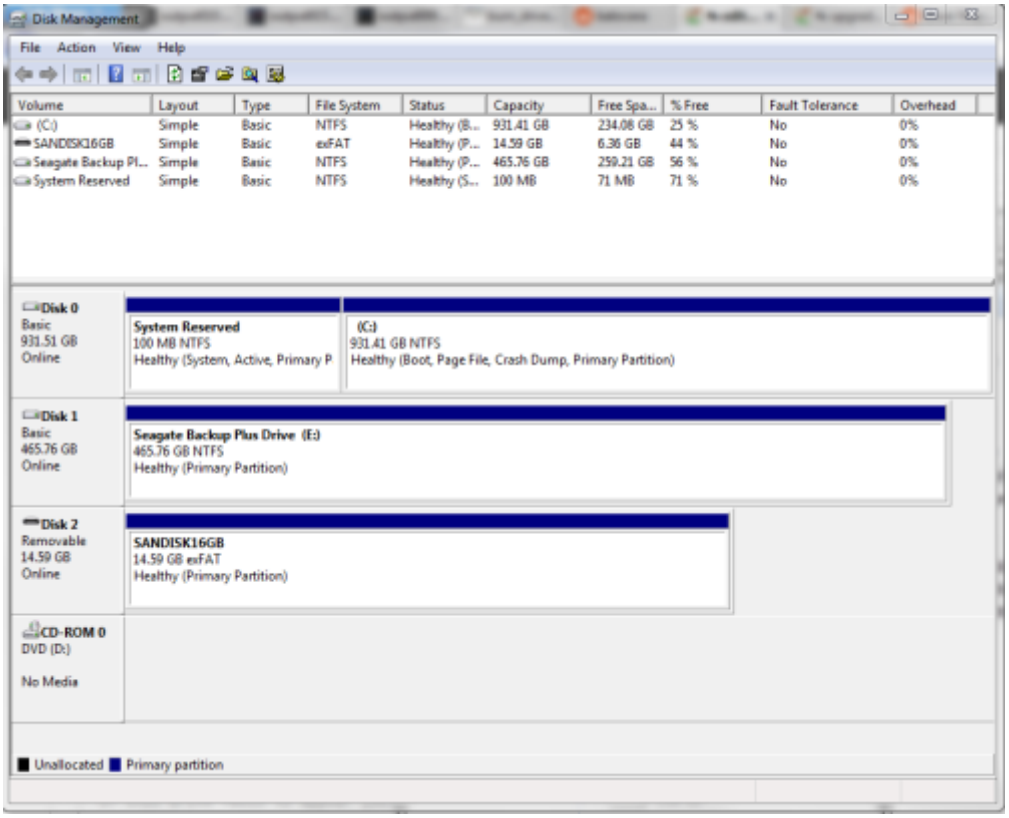
When you plug your Batocera drive into another machine, the small boot partition should appear as a standard FAT32 drive. The contents of this will change depending on what platform you're using. This is what the x86_64 one looks like:



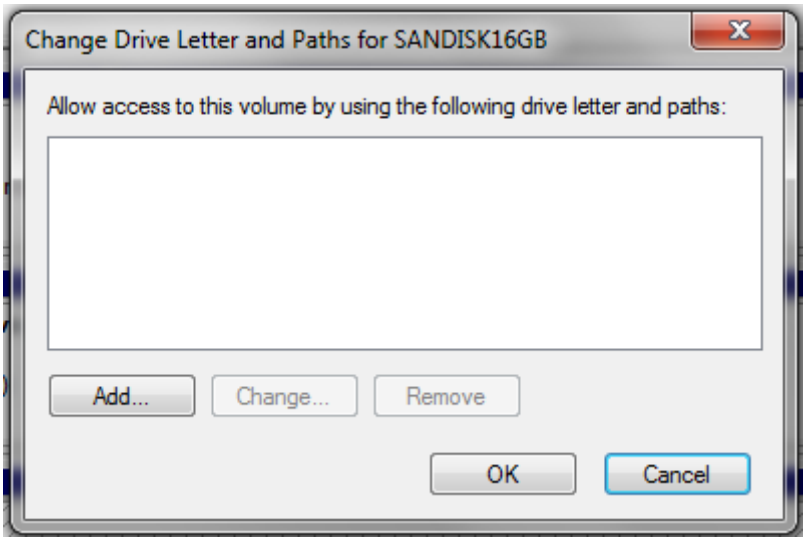
If you edit any text file under Windows, make sure you have an editor that respects Unix line terminators. Don't use Notepad, use a text editor like Notepad++ or Atom, that doesn't replace the Unix line terminations (LF) with DOS/Windows line terminations (CR/LF). Wordpad has also been reported to corrupt Unix text files.

If your drive doesn't appear in your file explorer on Windows, you may need to assign it a drive letter using Disk Management.

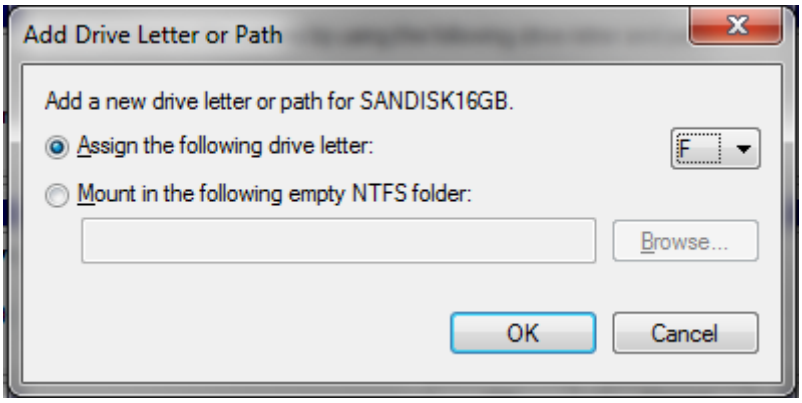
1. Open the Start menu with Win, type in “disk management” (not to be confused with “Device Management”) and open “Disk Management”.



2. Right-click the Batocera drive and click on “Assign Drive Letter and Paths...” (notice how the Batocera drive has no drive letter, while the other drives do).



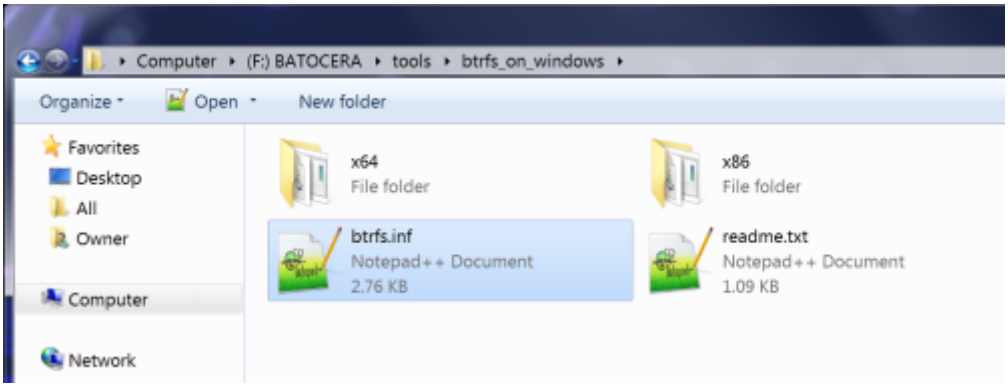
3. Click “Add...”. Make sure “Assign the following drive letter:” is checked and press “OK”, then press “OK” again.



4. Check “This Computer”. Your drive is now present!

Inside of `tools/btrfs_on_windows` you'll find the experimental BTRFS driver needed to read

BTRFS file system partitions on Windows (useful if you have chosen BTRFS as the file system for your userdata partition, by default it is ext4). This driver can bluescreen your computer, and is not recommended for regular use. You can choose to use this file system as your userdata partition for its benefits as explained here.



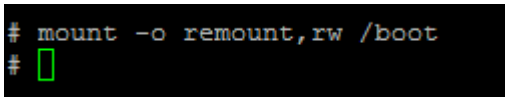
Editing the boot/ partition while Batocera is running

In contrast to how Windows mounts drives as letters like `C:\`, Linux 'mounts' partitions to folders when connected, allowing you to access partitions by looking in the assigned folder. By default, this will be in `/mnt/sda#` where # is a number. Batocera has set up the FAT32 boot partition to appear as the `/boot/` folder when booted up, and can be accessed through this folder in its file manager (F1). You'll find if you attempt to do so, however, you'll be met with a “no write permissions error” or something similar. Batocera boots with `/boot/` as read-only, so you'll need to remount it with the read-write permissions instead:

Run the following command (in either Xterm (F1 > Applications) or SSH):

```
mount -o remount,rw /boot
```

If all goes well, nothing will display like so:



and you're ready to start editing the boot partition!

If an error message comes up, you've either misspelled the command, your installation has been corrupted or you're not in the Batocera terminal.

This will make the `/boot/` partition writable until next boot. No need to do anything to change it back, as Batocera will default to mounting it as read-only on next boot.

From:
https://wiki.batocera.org/ - **Batocera.linux - Wiki**

Permanent link:
https://wiki.batocera.org/edit_boot_partition?rev=1631148317

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